

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

**ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY** 

[EPA-HQ-OPP-2014-0459; FRL-9912-39]

Pesticide Chemicals; Registration Review; Draft Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment;

Notice of Availability.

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Notice.

ecological risk assessments for the registration review of chlorfenapyr, fenoxaprop-pethyl, flumiclorac-pentyl, maleic hydrazide, sulfentrazone, and tebuthiuron and opens a public comment period on these documents. Registration review is EPA's periodic review of pesticide registrations to ensure that each pesticide continues to satisfy the

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces the availability of EPA's draft human health and

statutory standard for registration, that is, the pesticide can perform its intended function

without unreasonable adverse effects on human health or the environment. As part of the

registration review process, the Agency has completed draft human health and ecological

risk assessments, including an endangered species assessment, for all uses of the

previously listed pesticide chemicals. After reviewing comments received during the

public comment period, EPA will issue revised risk assessments, explain any changes to

the draft risk assessments, and respond to comments and may request public input on risk

mitigation before completing proposed registration review decisions for the previously

listed pesticide chemicals. Through this program, EPA is ensuring that each pesticide's

registration is based on current scientific and other knowledge, including its effects on human health and the environment.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before [INSERT DATE 60 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].

**ADDRESSES:** Submit your comments, identified by docket identification (ID) number for the specific pesticide of interest provided in the table in Unit III.A., by one of the following methods:

- Federal eRulemaking Portal: http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute.
- Mail: OPP Docket, Environmental Protection Agency Docket Center (EPA/DC),
   (28221T), 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460-0001.
- Hand Delivery: To make special arrangements for hand delivery or delivery of boxed information, please follow the instructions at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/dockets/contacts.html">http://www.epa.gov/dockets/contacts.html</a>.

  Additional instructions on commenting or visiting the docket, along with more information about dockets generally, is available at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/dockets">http://www.epa.gov/dockets</a>.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** For pesticide specific information contact: The Chemical Review Manager identified in the table in Unit III.A. for the pesticide of interest.

For general questions on the registration review program, contact: Richard Dumas,

Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division (7508P), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection

Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460-0001; telephone number: (703)

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305-8015; email address: dumas.richard@epa.gov.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### I. General Information

#### A. Does this Action Apply to Me?

This action is directed to the public in general, and may be of interest to a wide range of stakeholders including environmental, human health, farm worker, and agricultural advocates; the chemical industry; pesticide users; and members of the public interested in the sale, distribution, or use of pesticides. Since others also may be interested, the Agency has not attempted to describe all the specific entities that may be affected by this action. If you have any questions regarding the applicability of this action to a particular entity, consult the Chemical Review Manager listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**.

#### B. What Should I Consider as I Prepare My Comments for EPA?

- 1. Submitting CBI. Do not submit this information to EPA through regulations.gov or email. Clearly mark the part or all of the information that you claim to be CBI. For CBI information in a disk or CD-ROM that you mail to EPA, mark the outside of the disk or CD-ROM as CBI and then identify electronically within the disk or CD-ROM the specific information that is claimed as CBI. In addition to one complete version of the comment that includes information claimed as CBI, a copy of the comment that does not contain the information claimed as CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public docket. Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2.
  - 2. Tips for preparing your comments. When submitting comments, remember to:

- i. Identify the document by docket ID number and other identifying information (subject heading, **Federal Register** date and page number).
- ii. Follow directions. The Agency may ask you to respond to specific questions or organize comments by referencing a Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part or section number.
- iii. Explain why you agree or disagree; suggest alternatives and substitute language for your requested changes.
- iv. Describe any assumptions and provide any technical information and/or data that you used.
- v. If you estimate potential costs or burdens, explain how you arrived at your estimate in sufficient detail to allow for it to be reproduced.
  - vi. Provide specific examples to illustrate your concerns and suggest alternatives.
- vii. Explain your views as clearly as possible, avoiding the use of profanity or personal threats.
  - viii. Make sure to submit your comments by the comment period deadline identified.
- 3. Environmental justice. EPA seeks to achieve environmental justice, the fair treatment and meaningful involvement of any group, including minority and/or low income populations, in the development, implementation, and enforcement of environmental laws, regulations, and policies. To help address potential environmental justice issues, the Agency seeks information on any groups or segments of the population who, as a result of their location, cultural practices, or other factors, may have atypical or disproportionately high and adverse human

health impacts or environmental effects from exposure to the pesticides discussed in this document, compared to the general population.

# **II. Authority**

EPA is conducting its registration review of chlorfenapyr, fenoxaprop-p-ethyl, flumiclorac-pentyl, maleic hydrazide, sulfentrazone, and tebuthiuron pursuant to section 3(g) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and the Procedural Regulations for Registration Review at 40 CFR part 155, subpart C. Section 3(g) of FIFRA provides, among other things, that the registrations of pesticides are to be reviewed every 15 years. Under FIFRA, a pesticide product may be registered or remain registered only if it meets the statutory standard for registration given in FIFRA section 3(c)(5). When used in accordance with widespread and commonly recognized practice, the pesticide product must perform its intended function without unreasonable adverse effects on the environment; that is, without any unreasonable risk to man or the environment, or a human dietary risk from residues that result from the use of a pesticide in or on food.

### **III. Registration Reviews**

# A. What Action is the Agency Taking?

As directed by FIFRA section 3(g), EPA is reviewing the pesticide registrations for chlorfenapyr, fenoxaprop-p-ethyl, flumiclorac-pentyl, maleic hydrazide, sulfentrazone, and tebuthiuron to ensure that they continue to satisfy the FIFRA standard for registration—that is, that these pesticides can still be used without unreasonable adverse effects on human health or the environment.

Pursuant to 40 CFR 155.53(c), EPA is providing an opportunity, through this notice of

availability, for interested parties to provide comments and input concerning the Agency's draft human health and ecological risk assessments for chlorfenapyr, fenoxaprop-p-ethyl, flumicloracpentyl, maleic hydrazide, sulfentrazone, and tebuthiuron. Such comments and input could address, among other things, the Agency's risk assessment methodologies and assumptions, as applied to these draft risk assessments. The Agency will consider all comments received during the public comment period and make changes, as appropriate, to the draft human health and ecological risk assessments. EPA will then issue revised risk assessments, explain any changes to the draft risk assessments, and respond to comments. In the Federal Register notice announcing the availability of the revised risk assessments, if the revised risk assessments indicate risks of concern, the Agency may provide a comment period for the public to submit suggestions for mitigating the risk identified in the revised risk assessments. At present, EPA is releasing registration review draft risk assessments for the pesticide cases identified in the following table and further described after the table.

# Registration Review Draft Risk Assessments

Registration Review Case	Pesticide Docket ID	Chemical Review Manager,
Name and Number	Number	Telephone Number, and E-mail
		Address
Chlorfenapyr	EPA-HQ-OPP-2010-	Margaret Hathaway
(Case 7419-1)	0467	(703) 305-5076
		hathaway.margaret@epa.gov

Fenoxaprop-p-ethyl	EPA-HQ-OPP-2007- 0437	Molly Clayton
(Case 7209)	0.07	(703) 603-0522
		clayton.molly@epa.gov
Flumiclorac-pentyl	EPA-HQ-OPP-2009- 0084	Tracy Perry
(Case 7232)		(703) 308-0128
		perry.tracy@epa.gov
Maleic hydrazide	EPA-HQ-OPP-2009- 0387	Ricardo Jones
(Case 0381)		(703) 347-0493
		jones.ricardo@epa.gov
Sulfentrazone	EPA-HQ-OPP-2009- 0624	Christina Scheltema
(Case 7231)		(713) 308-2201
		scheltema.christina@epa.gov
Tebuthiuron	EPA-HQ-OPP-2009- 0327	Joel Wolf
(Case 0054)		(703) 347-0228
		wolf.joel@epa.gov

• *Chlorfenapyr*. Chlorfenapyr is an insecticide/miticide used to control a wide range of mites and insects such as caterpillars, centipedes, thrips, fungus gnats, ants, cockroaches, beetles, bed bugs, silverfish, spiders, and termites. Chlorfenapyr is registered for use on greenhouse food and non-food crops, and as an insecticide/termiticide for use on indoor and outdoor residential sites, food/feed handling areas, indoor and outdoor commercial sites (including sewers), and indoor medical sites. EPA has completed a draft human health risk assessment for all chlorfenapyr uses. In addition, the Agency has determined that there is limited outdoor

environmental exposure from the use of chlorfenapyr and has come to a no-effect determination for endangered species.

- Fenoxaprop-p-ethyl. Fenoxaprop-p-ethyl is an herbicide used to control weeds on barley, cotton, rice, soybeans, and wheat. It is also registered for non-agricultural use on conservation reserve lands, ornamentals, rights-of-way, and turf. EPA has completed draft human health and ecological risk assessments, including a screening-level listed species assessment, for all fenoxaprop-p-ethyl uses. EPA acknowledges that further refinements to the listed species assessment will be completed in future revisions and requests public comment on specific areas that will reduce the uncertainties associated with the characterization of risk to listed species identified in the current assessment.
- Flumiclorac-pentyl. Flumiclorac-pentyl is a post-emergence herbicide registered for use on field corn, soybeans, cotton, and a variety of non-cropped areas. EPA has completed draft human health and ecological risk assessments, including a screening-level listed species assessment, for all flumiclorac-pentyl uses. EPA acknowledges that further refinements to the listed species assessment will be completed in future revisions and requests public comment on specific areas that will reduce the uncertainties associated with the characterization of risk to listed species identified in the current assessment.
- *Maleic Hydrazide*. Maleic hydrazide is an herbicide and plant growth regulator used on tobacco, potatoes, onions, non-bearing citrus, turf, utility and highway rights-of-way, airports, industrial land, lawns, recreational areas, ornamental shade trees and ornamental plants. EPA has completed draft human health and ecological risk assessments, including

a screening-level listed species assessment, for all maleic hydrazide uses. EPA acknowledges that further refinements to the listed species assessment will be completed in future revisions

and requests public comment on specific areas that will reduce the uncertainties associated with the characterization of risk to listed species identified in the current assessment.

- •Sulfentrazone. Sulfentrazone is an herbicide registered for use to control a variety of broadleaf weeds on several agricultural crops, ornamental turf/plants, residential lawns, and recreational areas such as golf courses. EPA has completed draft human health and ecological risk assessments, including a screening-level listed species assessment, for all sulfentrazone uses. EPA acknowledges that further refinements to the listed species assessment will be completed in future revisions and requests public comment on specific areas that will reduce the uncertainties associated with the characterization of risk to listed species identified in the current assessment.
- Tebuthiuron. Tebuthiuron is a systemic, relatively non-selective herbicide used to control broadleaf and woody weeds, grasses and brush on feed crop sites (pasture and rangeland) and a variety of non-food crop sites. EPA has completed draft human health and ecological risk assessments, including a screening-level listed species assessment, for all tebuthiuron uses. EPA acknowledges that further refinements to the listed species assessment will be completed in future revisions and requests public comment on specific areas that will reduce the uncertainties associated with the characterization of risk to listed species identified in the current assessment.
- 1. Other related information. Additional information on chlorfenapyr, fenoxaprop-p-ethyl, flumiclorac-pentyl, maleic hydrazide, sulfentrazone, and tebuthiuron is available for each pesticide at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/chemicalsearch/">http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/chemicalsearch/</a> and in each chemical's individual docket listed in the table in Unit III.A. Information on the Agency's registration review program and its implementing regulation is available at <a href="http://www2.epa.gov/pesticide-reevaluation">http://www2.epa.gov/pesticide-reevaluation</a>.

- 2. Information submission requirements. Anyone may submit data or information in response to this document. To be considered during a pesticide's registration review, the submitted data or information must meet the following requirements:
- To ensure that EPA will consider data or information submitted, interested persons must submit the data or information during the comment period. The Agency may, at its discretion, consider data or information submitted at a later date.
- The data or information submitted must be presented in a legible and useable form.

  For example, an English translation must accompany any material that is not in English and a written transcript must accompany any information submitted as an audiographic or videographic record. Written material may be submitted in paper or electronic form.
  - Submitters must clearly identify the source of any submitted data or information.
- Submitters may request the Agency to reconsider data or information that the Agency rejected in a previous review. However, submitters must explain why they believe the Agency should reconsider the data or information in the pesticide's registration review.

As provided in 40 CFR 155.58, the registration review docket for each pesticide case will remain publicly accessible through the duration of the registration review process; that is, until all actions required in the final decision on the registration review case have been completed.

# **List of Subjects**

Environmental protection, Pesticides and pests, Chlorfenapyr, Fenoxaprop-p-ethyl, Flumiclorac-pentyl, Maleic hydrazide, Sulfentrazone, and Tebuthiuron.

Dated: June 24, 2014.

Richard P. Keigwin, Jr.,

Director, Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

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